

# **Gender Pay Analysis Report – March 2019**

Ocean Learning Trust is an employer with over 250 employees and is required by law to carry out Gender Pay Reporting under the Equality Act 2010 (Gender Pay Information) Regulations 2017.

The information reported upon in March 2019 is based on the snapshot date of 31 March 2018.

The Ocean Learning Trust operates as an equal opportunities employer and does not discriminate in any way (as defined by the Equalities Act 2010 and other relevant legislation), regarding recruitment, performance management and employee career development opportunities. Gender plays no part in the assessment of the salary grades at Ocean Learning Trust. There were no bonuses paid in the reporting period.

Mean Gender Pay Gap	Men are paid on average 39.9% more than	
(Difference in male to female mean pay)	women on a mean basis	
Median Gender Pay Gap	Men are paid on average 60.76% more than	
(Difference in male to female median pay)	women on a median basis	

Employees pay by Quartile	Female %	Male %
Fourth (upper ) quartile	75.36	24.64
Third Quartile	91.18	8.82
Second Quartile	92.75	7.25
First (lower quartile)	91.18	8.82

Number of employees by	Female	Male
gender	240	34

Analysis of this data indicates that the nature of certain jobs in schools, such as Teaching Assistants, Midday Supervisors, Admin staff and Cleaners, are generally held by women: these roles attract women as they are term time only and part time – they often align with the hours children attend school - therefore suit family and childcare commitments. The substantially larger proportion of women in these roles affects the average salary; however, the contractual hours is a crucial factor for the applicants at recruitment and in their continuation of employment.

#### **Additional Information to the Statutory Reporting Requirement**

### **Gender Pay Gap data differentiated for Support Staff & Teaching Staff**

#### **Teaching Staff**

Total Number: 91 80.22% Female 19.78% Male

• The Mean Gender Pay Gap – The difference between the mean hourly rate of pay that male and female employees receive is 29.26%

This shows that overall female teaching employees receive lower pay than male teaching employees.

• **The Median Gender Pay Gap** – The difference between the median hourly rate of pay that male and female teaching employees receive is 15.10%

This shows that typically female teachers receive lower pay than male teachers.

#### **Support Staff**

Total Number: 183 91.3% Female 8.7% Male

• The Mean Gender Pay Gap - The difference between the mean hourly rate of pay that male and female employees receive is 8.69%

This shows that overall female support staff employees receive lower pay than male support staff employees.

• **The Median Gender Pay Gap** – The difference between the median hourly rate of pay that male and female support staff employees receive is -1.01%

This shows that typically female support staff receive higher pay than male support staff.

## **Employee Communication: Gender Pay Gap Reporting**

We are an employer required by law to carry out Gender Pay Reporting under the Equality Act 2010 (Gender Pay Gap Information) Regulations 2017.

This involves carrying out six calculations that show the difference between the average earnings of men and women in our organisation; it will not involve publishing individual employees' data.

We are required to publish the results on our own website and a government website. We will do this within one calendar year of April 5<sup>th</sup> each year.

We can use these results to assess:

- the levels of gender equality in our workplace
- the balance of male and female employees at different levels
- How effectively talent is being maximised and rewarded.

The challenge in our organisation and across Great Britain is to eliminate any gender pay gap.

Ocean Learning Trust will continue to tackle the Gender Pay Gap by:

- advertising jobs with a pay range
- ensuring that women are included in shortlisted candidates for promotion & recruitment
- using skills-based tasks in recruitment
- using structured interviews, asking the same questions of all candidates
- introducing transparency to promotion processes
- monitoring recruitment (and promotion) equality and diversity
- being open to developing strategies & policies which reduce biased decisions
- supporting flexible working agreements where possible

Gender Pay Reporting requires our organisation to make calculations based on employee gender. We will establish this by using our existing HR and payroll records.

Stephen Orman

**Executive Headteacher** 

You can learn more about Gender Pay Reporting by visiting www.acas.org.uk/genderpay



